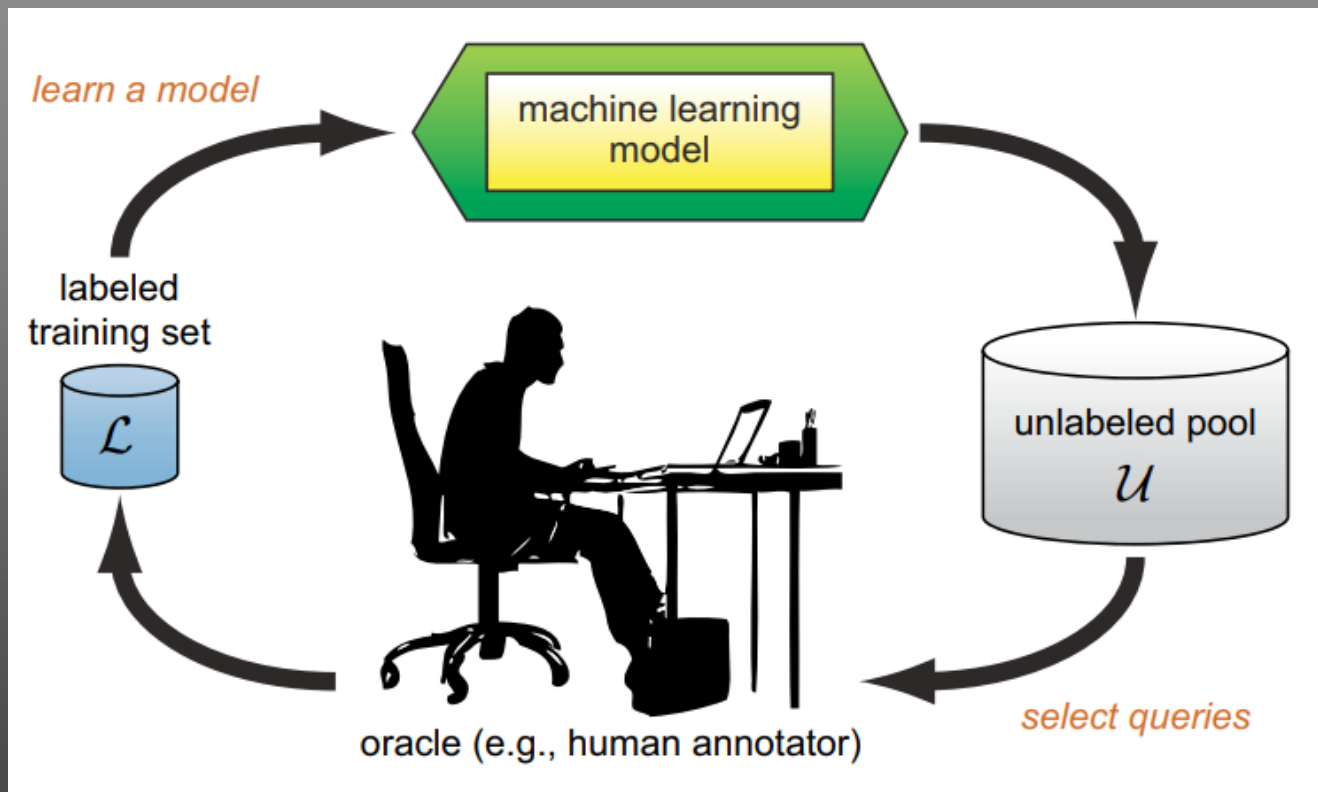


Semi-Supervised Active Learning with Temporal Output Discrepancy

Siyu Huang, Tianyang Wang, Haoyi Xiong, Jun Huan, Dejing Dou

Baidu Research & Austin Peay State University & Styling AI

Active Learning



Settles 2010

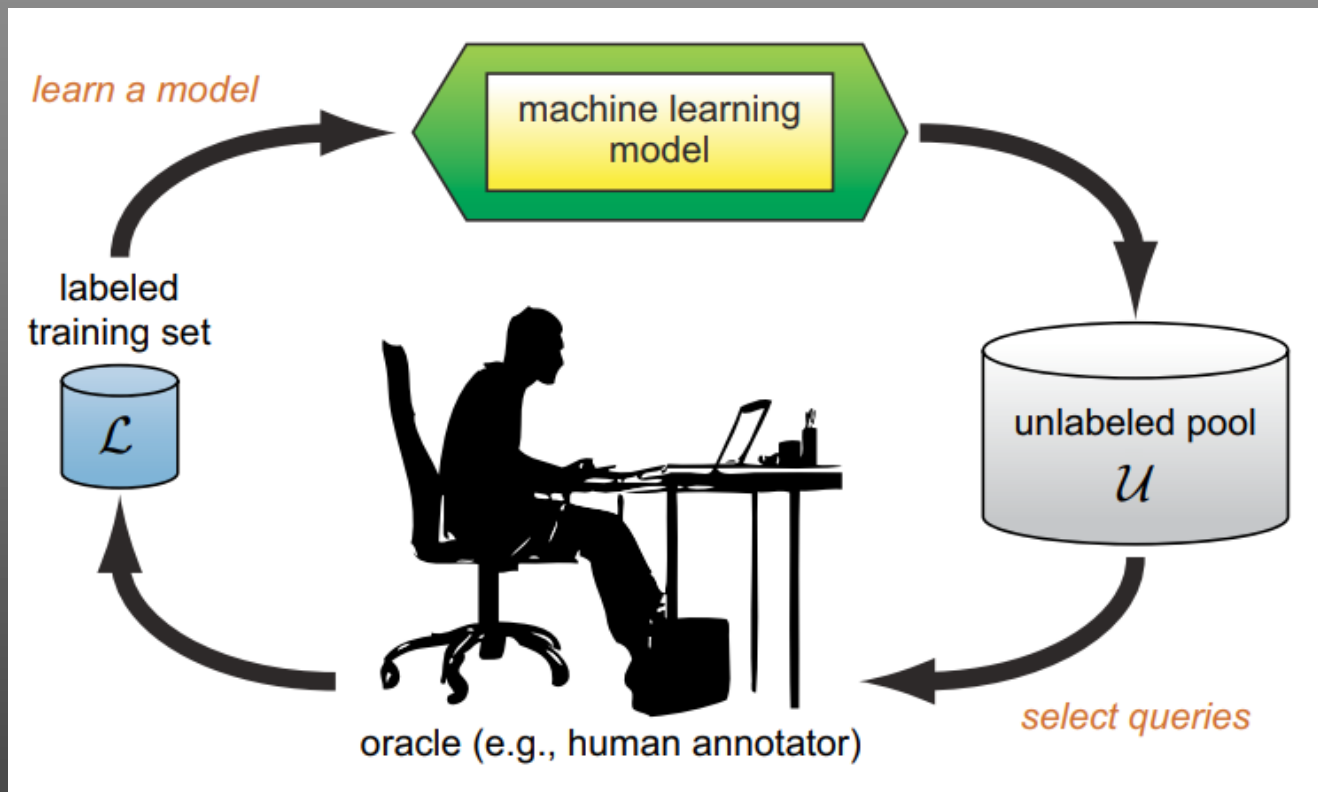
Diversity-aware Approaches

Uncertainty-aware Approaches

- *Margin between posterior probabilities*
- *Entropy of posterior probabilities*
- *Expected model change*
- *Expected error reduction*
- *Distance to decision boundary*
- *Adversarial discrimination*

Hybrid Methods

Active Learning



Settles 2010

Diversity-aware Approaches

Uncertainty-aware Approaches

- *Margin between posterior probabilities*
- *Entropy of posterior probabilities*
- *Expected model change*
- *Expected error reduction*
- *Distance to decision boundary*
- *Adversarial discrimination*

Hybrid Methods

Loss Estimation via *Temporal Output Discrepancy (TOD)*

- **Temporal Output Discrepancy (TOD):**

The discrepancy of outputs of a neural network f at different GD steps.

$$D_t^{\{T\}}(x) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \|f(x; w_{t+T}) - f(x; w_t)\|$$

Why can TOD estimate sample loss?

With an appropriate setting of learning rate η , we have

- **Theorem 1**

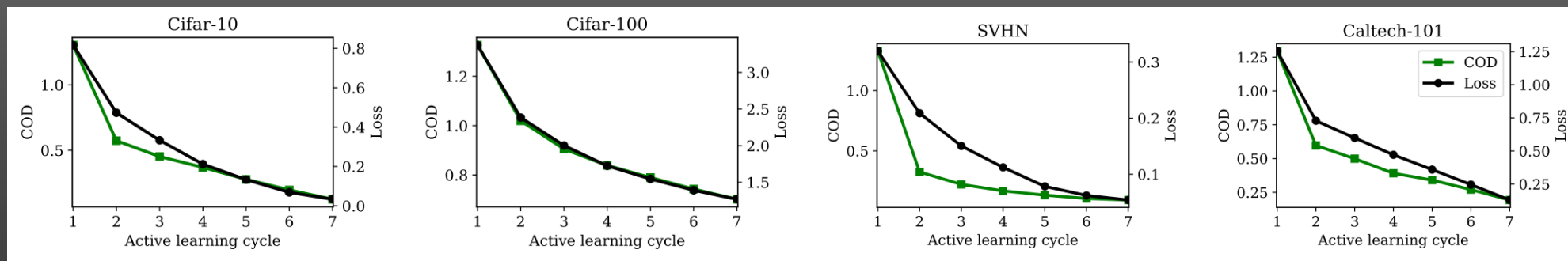
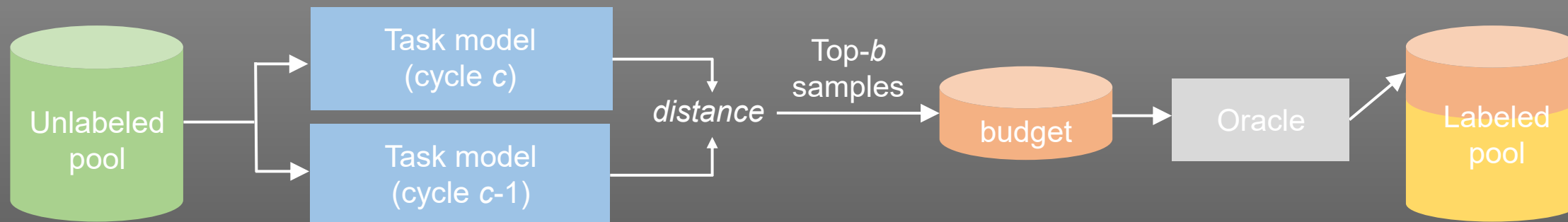
$$D_t^{\{1\}}(x) \leq \eta \sqrt{2L_t(x)} \|\nabla_w f(x; w_t)\|^2$$

- **Corollary 2**

$$D_t^{\{T\}}(x) \leq \sqrt{2T}\eta C \sqrt{\sum_{\tau=t}^{t+T-1} L_\tau(x)}.$$

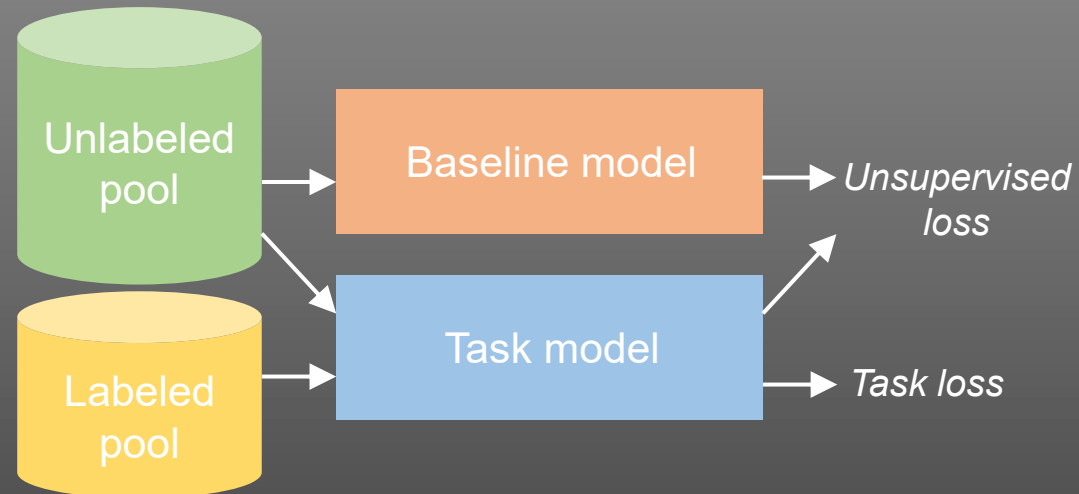
TOD-based Active Learning

- Cyclic Output Discrepancy (COD) as data sampling strategy



TOD-based Active Learning

- Semi-supervised task training

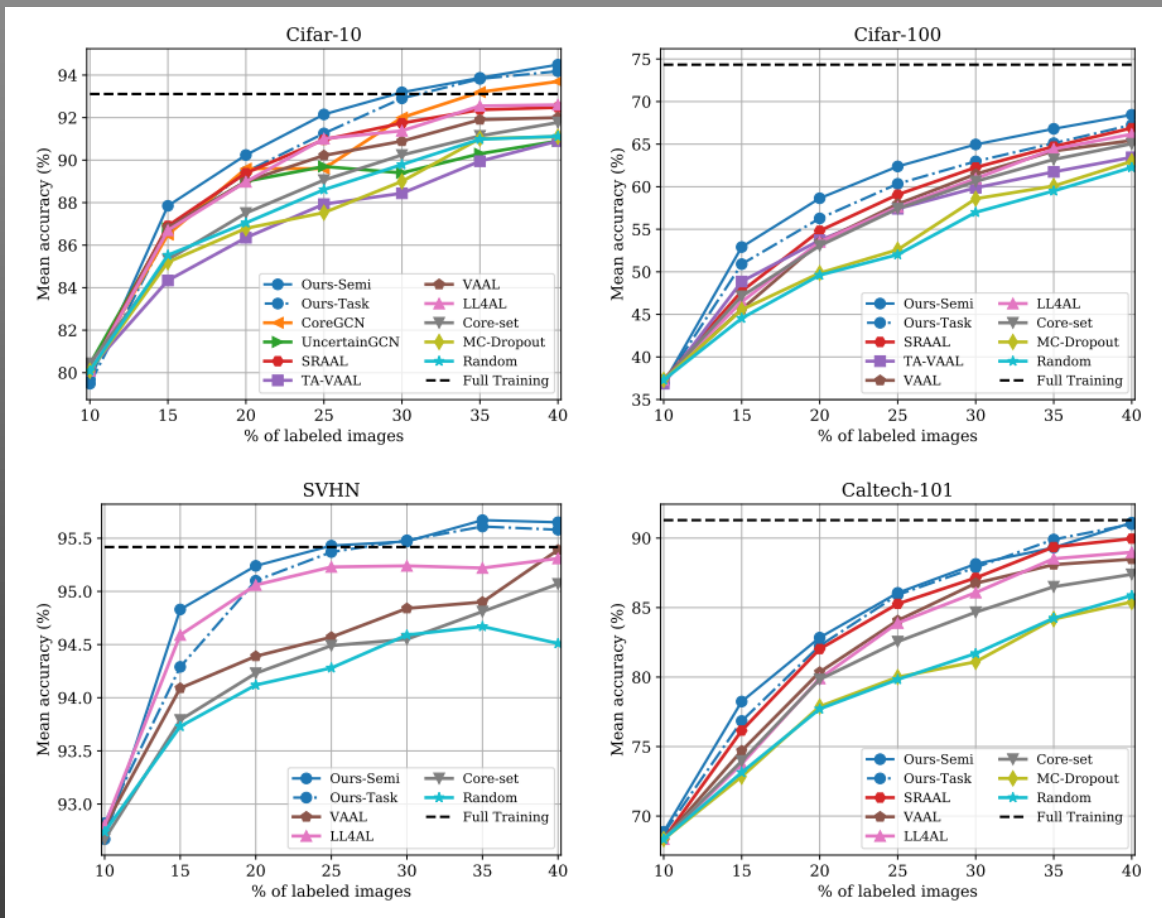


Baseline model

Mean Teacher [Tarvainen and Harri, NeurIPS 2017]

The exponential moving average of historical model parameters

Experimental Comparison of Active Learning Methods



Active learning performance on four datasets

	Cifar10	SVHN	Caltech-101	Extra model?
Coreset (ICLR'18)	91.4s	168.7s	48.2s	×
VAAL (ICCV'19)	13.0s	17.2s	32.6s	√
LL4AL (CVPR'19)	7.7s	10.8s	39.6s	√
Ours	7.2s	10.1s	26.9s	×

Efficiency of active sampling strategies
(One active sampling iteration)

Summary

- **Temporal Output Discrepancy (TOD)** estimates the loss of unlabeled samples by evaluating the discrepancy of neural network outputs at different GD steps.
- **TOD is a lower-bound of accumulated sample loss.**
- Based on TOD, we develop an **unlabeled data sampling strategy (COD)** and a **semi-supervised training scheme** for active learning.

<https://github.com/siyuhuang/TOD>